

PATENT APPLICATION

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of

Serial no.

Filed For Docket

4/16/01

Robin HARKER

09/711,983

November 14, 2000

COMPUTER SYSTEMS

**COLGRA P21AUS** 

The Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

### SUBMISSION OF CERTIFIED COPY

Dear Sir:

A claim for priority is hereby made under the provisions of 35 U.S.C. § 119 for the above-identified United States Patent Application based upon Great Britain Patent Application No. 9926858.3 filed November 15, 1999. A certified copy of said Great Britain application is enclosed herewith.

In the event that there are any fee deficiencies or additional fees are payable, please charge the same or credit any overpayment to our Deposit Account (Account No. 04-0213).

Respectfully submitted,

Michael J. Bujold, Reg /

Customer No. 020210 Davis & Bujold, P.L.L.C.

Fourth Floor

500 North Commercial Street Manchester NH 03101-1151 Telephone 603-624-9220 Facsimile 603-624-9229

E-mail: patent@davisandbujold.com

# **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING**

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service, with sufficient postage, as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231 on April 16, 2001.

Print Name:









RECEIVED
APR 2 3 2001
Technology Center 2100

The Patent Office Concept House Cardiff Road Newport South Wales NP10 8QQ

I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

In accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., plc, P.L.C. or PLC.

Re-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely subjects the company to certain additional company law rules.



Signed

Dated

10 OCT 2000

115 Gran

15NOV99,E491717-1,D02697

The Patent Office

Cardiff Road
Newport
Gwent NP9 1RH

Request for grand UTD BYROST

(See the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form)

1. Your reference

PA/GAF99

1 5 NOV 1999

9926858.3

2. Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

WORKSTATIONS (UK) LIMITED
UNITS 3 & 4, WOODSIDE WALK,
WOODSIDE ROAD,
AMERSHAM,
BUCKINGHAMSHIRE HP6 6AA

Hilliam y 3.1

100

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

ENGLAND

77782001

4. Title of the invention

COMPUTER SYSTEMS

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

GRAHAM F COLES

GRAHAM COLES & CO 24 SEELEYS ROAD BEACONSFIELD BUCKINGHAMSHIRE HP9 1SZ

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

4361556001

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (If you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number (tf you know tt)

Date of filing
(day / month / year)

 If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing (day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer Yes' 1f:

a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or

b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or

c) any named applicant is a corporate body.See note (d))

YES

Patents Form 1/77					7 6
9. Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form.  Do not count copies of the same document					
Continuation sheets of this form					
Description Claim(s)	5		E Soul Care of the	the section of the se	4
Abstract			m	for	i sinii
Drawing(s)	4 + M	A CORP.	<u> 114</u>	รวเอาราสา รูบอร์	1.
10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.	·		Ç.	Patent Grant Comment	2.
Priority documents  Translations of priority documents			ESCHOLOS	1	ં દં
Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)		, <del>v</del>	in the active to	enn switch	
Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)	15 (Gat)			i komencedik Komencedik	
Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)	e en como e mante e consequence de la consequence della consequenc				-
Any other documents (please spectfy)			: : · · ·		
11.	I/We reques	t the grant of a	patent on the	basis of this application Date $13/1/4$	
12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom	GRAHAM	F COLES	<b>₽</b> 01494	677181	
Warning After an application for a patent has been filed, the or communication of the invention should be probuill be informed if it is necessary to prohibit or rest United Kingdom, Section 23 of the Patents Act 1977 written permission from the Patent Office unless an United Kingdom for a patent for the same invention communication has been given, or any such direction	ibited or restrict rict your invent stops you from application bas n and eitber no	ed under Section in this way applying for a s been filed at direction prob	on 22 of the Po y. Furthermore I patent abroa least 6 weeks l	atents Act 1977. Y e, if you live in the d without first get beforehand in the	'OU e ttina
Notes  a) If you need belp to fill in this form or you have b) Write your answers in capital lotter using black		lease contact i	the Patent Offi	ce on 0645 50050	<i>15.</i>

- b) Write your answers in capital letters using black ink or you may type them.
- c) If there is not enough space for all the relevant details on any part of this form, please continue on a separate sheet of paper and write "see continuation sheet" in the relevant part(s). Any continuation sheet should be attached to this form.
- d) If you have answered 'Yes' Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
- e) Once you have filled in the form you must remember to sign and date it.
- f) For details of the fee and ways to pay please contact the Patent Office.

## Computer Systems

This invention relates to computer systems, and is concerned especially with computer systems of the kind that involve the interconnection or clustering of a multiplicity of processors for parallel operation.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

It is known to form a computing system of the abovespecified kind by interconnecting the processing units of a multiplicity of personal computers (PCs) and operating them in parallel with one another; such systems are sometimes referred to as 'Beowulf clusters'. The central processing units (CPUs) of PCs provide significant computing power at relatively-low cost, and advantage has been taken of this to form systems of the above-specified kind having very high computing power comparable with that of a specially-designed supercomputer, at a fraction of the supercomputer-cost. In such systems a multiplicity of PC-CPUs are interconnected and operated in parallel with one another as separate nodes of a local area network. These systems using clustered CPUs require the development of special software to enable parallel operation, and are generally slower than their supercomputer counterparts, but have significant advantage economically.

The CPUs of PCs are not designed to have the extended reliability to be expected of a supercomputer, so computing systems of the known form involving clustered CPUs are, in comparison, susceptible to faults. A fault occurring in an individual CPU will disrupt processing of the current application, and although the application can in general be re-started without replacement of the faulty unit, the disruption and loss of computing time involved is undesirable.

It is one of the objects of the present invention to provided a computer system of the said above-specified kind, which whilst having the potential for cost advantage of the known clustered PC-CPU systems, is less susceptible to fault disruption.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided a computer system of the said above-specified kind wherein power supply to each processor is from a common power-supply means having fault-tolerating redundancy.

The computer system of the present invention may, especially for cost-advantage, utilise processors that are a form such as used in the context of PC computers. However, in accordance with the present invention, rather than powering each processor from its own power-supply unit as in the case of the known form of computer system referred to above utilising PC-CPUs, they are powered from common power-supply means. The power-supply units of PC-CPUs especially, are not designed to have long fault-free operation so the likelihood of a fault arising in any of a multiplicity of PC-CPUs operating in The individual parallel, can be significantly high. power-supply units might be replaced by units with a higher standard of reliability, but it is generally more economical to provide a common power-supply means and invest this with an even higher standard of reliability and, moreover, to include fault-tolerating redundancy within it.

The processors of the computer system according to the invention may be carried by individual printed-circuit boards, for example PC motherboards, that are mounted together side-by-side within a rack-mounting. The rack-mounting may be contained within a cabinet together with the power-supply means.

The power-supply means may involve one or more power-supply units each of which comprises a plurality of power-supply modules which operate in parallel with one another in supplying power to the processors. The modules may each include diode or other circuitry that is responsive to the occurrence of a fault within the module (eg reduction in its voltage output in relation to that of the other module) to isolate that module effectively from the processors. Where more than one power-supply unit is involved, they may act in parallel with one another to power all the processors together.

5

10

15

20

25

35

A computer system in accordance with the present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a front elevation of the computer system according to the invention, with the front panel of the cabinet housing the system removed;

Figure 2 is a sectional plan of the computer system of Figure 1 showing only two of its five processing modules with one fully inserted and the other only partialy inserted;

Figure 3 is a sectional side elevation of the computer system of Figure 1; and

Figure 4 is a schematic representation of the power distribution circuitry of the computer system of Figure 1.

Referring to Figures 1 to 3, the computer system of the invention is housed within a standard computer cabinet 1 which contains racking (not shown in detail) for supporting five processor modules 2 side-by-side within the cabinet 1. Each processor module 2 includes an L-

shape plate 3 by which it is supported in the cabinet 1, the plate 3 being held upright by engagement of its top and bottom edges 4 and 5 within grooved tracks 6 and 7, respectively, of the racking, so that the module 2 can be readily slid in and out of the cabinet 1 on the tracks 6 and 7. Handles 8 are provided at the front of each module 2 to assist with insertion and withdrawal, and power connection to the module 2 is established when the module 2 is fully inserted via a two-part plug-and-socket connector 9 (shown as a single block) at the rear of the projecting base-part 10 of the L-shape plate 3.

Each plate 3 carries a PC-CPU motherboard 11 that is mounted in spaced face-to-face relationship with it immediately behind a front-panel 12 of the module 2. This enables data connections to be readily made with its processor 13 and a plug-in network card 14 (see Figure 3) and other circuitry (not shown) of the motherboard 11, via connectors 15 on the front-panel 12. The motherboard 11 is interconnected by wiring (not shown) for data interchange with a hard-disk unit 16 mounted on the projecting base-part 10 of the plate 3, and is powered along with the unit 16 by connections (not shown) from the connector 9.

Referring also now to Figure 4, power is supplied to all five processor modules 2 in parallel via a wiring loom 17 which interconnects their connectors 9 with two powersupply units 18. The units 18, which are mounted at the back of the cabinet 1 to lie above the base-parts 10 of the five plates 3, each comprise two, redundant powersupply modules 19. The two modules 19 supply power in parallel with one another, and each includes diode circuitry 20 (indicated in Figure 4 in the case of one module 19 only). The circuitry 20 is operative to isolate the respective module 19 from its paired module 19 and the loom 17 generally, in the event that a fault

occurs by which the voltage output of the module 19 falls so that current would otherwise flow to it rather than from it.

The two units 18 operate in parallel with one another in supplying power to the five processor modules 2, so that the operation in parallel of the four power-supply modules 19 is with a significant degree of redundancy for power-supply fault-survival.

10

15

The five processor modules 2 are interconnected via the connectors 15 and network cards 14 by data-cabling (not shown) to operate in parallel with one another as individual nodes of a local-area network and provide a high-powered computing capability. The PC motherboards 11 used, have a high degree of reliability, and that same degree of reliability is afforded to the computer system as a whole by the use of the highly-reliable form of powering adopted.

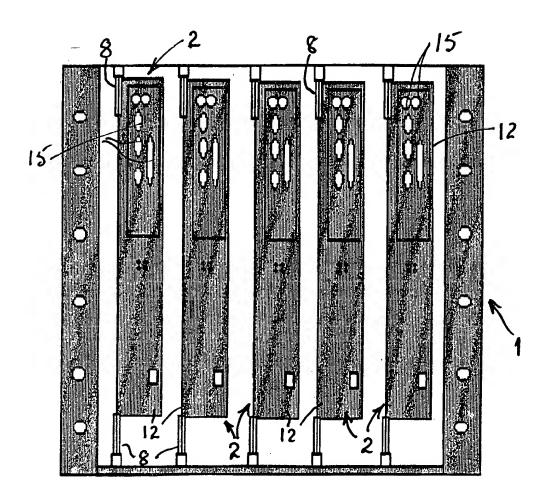


Fig.1

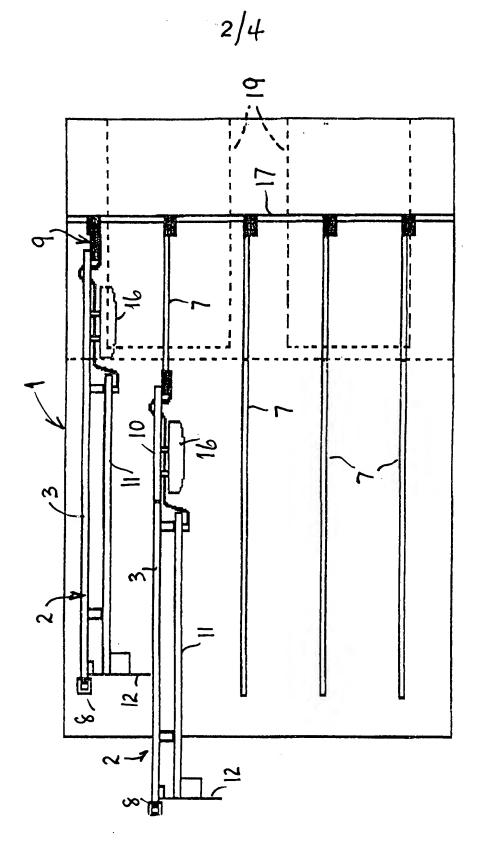


Fig.2

